

JOURNEY WITH A MAP



COUNTRY CONTEXT

- British colony until independence in 1961
- Multi party elections followed by single party state (1978-92) followed by coup/counter coup and rebel war until 2002
- Population 6.3m (1m in Freetown) and overwhelmingly young (42% under 15 & 6% over 60)
- Agricultural economy (62% live in rural communities)
- Growing Chinese investment in infrastructure and extraction
- 90% of 'economically active age group work' + child labour. 80-90% work in the 'informal sector'

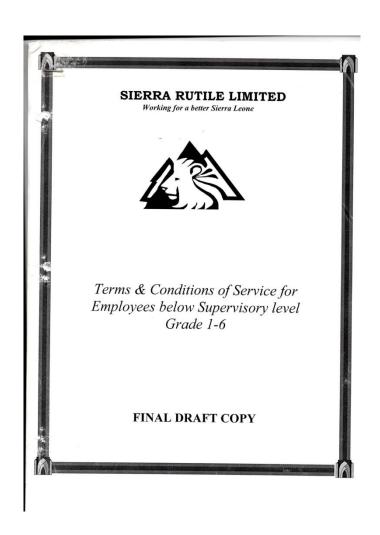


THE STATE & THE LAW

LEGISLATION AS REGULATION

- Colonial legislation
- Post colonial single party state
- Post war seeking reform
- Today

COLLECTIVE AGREEMENTS: FORMAL SECTOR



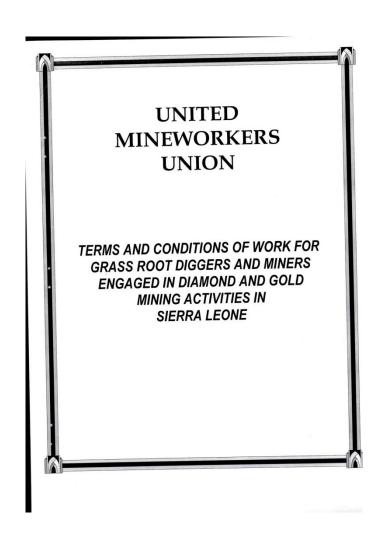
TERMS & CONDITIONS

- Six day shift system of 44 hours (+overtime)
- Pay + allowances (rent, kerosene, food and education)
- Leave (1-5 years service) 17 days
- Paid sick leave 5 days
- Maternity leave 6 weeks full pay
- Free medical care for employee and 'one registered wife and three direct children'

INFORMAL SECTOR: ARTISANAL MINING



ORGANISING GRASS ROOTS DIGGERS



TERMS & CONDITIONS

- 'Employment form' passed to UMU
- Daily rate or share of finds (40% to workers)
- Breakfast & lunch provided
- Medical treatment & a first aid kit
- Workers are required to sleep at the site but adequate accommodation must be supplied
- Death benefits (2 bags of rice + payment to family and support for funeral)

CONCLUSION

- Colonial legacy
- Lack of institutional structure
- Lack of resources
- Organising and representing the informal sector